Data Sheet

ExtremeRouting™
CER 2000 Series

Compact Multi-Service Carrier Ethernet Router Series

Service providers, more than ever, are looking for ways to reduce network operational costs while increasing new revenue streams through over-the-top services. ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Routers are purpose-built to help these providers save on space, power, and cooling while extending wire-speed IP and Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) services to the network edge without compromising performance.

The CER 2000 is available in 24-port 1 GbE plus 4-port 10 GbE versions for both copper and fiber with non-blocking wire-speed performance and a complete suite of IPv4/IPv6 unicast and multicast routing supporting fast convergence times.

A broad set of highly scalable IP unicast and multicast routing features, combined with a low total cost of ownership, makes the CER an ideal choice for service providers that want to deliver Layer 2 and Layer 3 business services through a single, easy-to-manage platform.

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Scalable Carrier-Class Routing

The CER 2000 features best-in-class interior and exterior gateway protocols that are commonly deployed in provider networks. The routers support standard IPv4 and IPv6 routing protocols—including Routing Information Protocol (RIP/RIPng), Open Shortest Path First (OSPF/OSPFv3), Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS/IS-IS for IPv6), and Border Gateway Protocol (BGP/BGP-MP for IPv6)—with the same performance and reliability typically associated with larger chassis systems. To complement these routing features, the CER can store the full Internet routing table in hardware and achieve wire-speed forwarding performance. As a result, it is ideally suited for service provider edge routing applications as well as for enterprise border routing applications.

Highlights

- Compact 1U, IP/MPLS, NEBS Level 3-certified router, purpose-built for high-performance Ethernet edge routing applications
- Scalable edge router designed to support a full Internet routing table along with MPLS forwarding for advanced business and residential services, service provider data center interconnect, and Internet peering
- Available in 24-port 1 GbE plus 4-port 10 GbE versions for both copper and fiber with non-blocking wire-speed performance and a complete suite of IPv4/IPv6 unicast and multicast routing supporting fast convergence times
- Powered by the field-proven ExtremeRouting Multi-Service IronWare OS that also runs on the ExtremeRouting MLXe Series of high-performance core routers
- Advanced QoS features to enforce strict SLAs at the edge of the network

Key Applications

- Edge routing applications in Metro Ethernet networks
- MPLS-based Layer 2 and Layer 3 VPN services
- Provider edge routing for triple-play/IPTV delivery
- Provider-managed router in end-user customer premises
- Compact BGP route reflector
- Data center or campus border routing
- Virtualized data center or campus applications with multi-VRF
- Data center interconnectivity
Compact and Scalable Routing
The CER can store up to 1,500,000 IPv4 and 256,000 IPv6 unicast routes, enough to accommodate the full IPv4 Internet routing table today and provide a smooth migration path to IPv6. In addition, the ExtremeRouting Neltron operating system provides highly scalable BGP functionality and can support up to 256 BGP peers. Combined with advanced and scalable BGP route filtering mechanisms, the CER can be a route reflector in small to midsized networks.

Video Delivery
As more and more service providers include digital entertainment (using MPEG2/4-quality video) in their offerings, they require enormous amounts of bandwidth per subscriber and efficient multicast delivery. Providing up to 136 Gbps of capacity, the CER is ideally suited for the high-bandwidth, low-latency requirements of video traffic. Today, service providers deliver triple-play and IPTV services using both Layer 2 and Layer 3 models. The CER gives them the flexibility of choosing between traditional IP multicast and Virtual Private LAN Services (VPLS) to deliver high-quality video.

The CER provides comprehensive support for multicast routing and switching through a variety of protocols—including PIM-SM, PIM-DM, PIM-SSM, IGMP v2/v3—and through other platform-independent capabilities. Egress interface-based replication optimizes performance and buffer usage to help maximize network performance for multicast traffic. In addition, the CER supports static IGMP “Joins” and efficient processing of IGMP Join/Leave requests to help ensure a fast channel-zapping experience.

Carrier-Class Reliability
Routing stability and non-stop forwarding are key attributes in maintaining high Service Level Agreements (SLAs) in provider networks. To facilitate higher SLAs, the CER supports graceful restart helper mode for both OSPF and BGP. In addition, it supports Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) for OSPF, IS-IS, and BGP, streamlining the detection of network failures and enabling sub-second convergence. The CER supports up to 8 Equal-Cost Multi-Paths (ECMPs), which can help increase redundancy. Moreover, redundant, load-sharing power supplies help ensure complete carrier-class uptime.

MPLS to the Edge
Triple-play services and business Virtual Private Network (VPN) solutions are increasingly based on MPLS infrastructure. Given the enormous space constraints and the need to deliver Layer 2 and Layer 3 services in a single device, many service providers are looking for a device that can deliver maximum performance in the smallest footprint. The Extreme CER meets this objective with advanced MPLS edge features—making it an ideal platform for delivering converged voice, video, and data over MPLS in small to midsized Metro Ethernet networks.

Business VPNs
With the CER Series, service providers can offer distributed enterprise connectivity services through a transparent service such as Layer 2 VPNs, or provide more control through Layer 3 VPN services. The transparent services are delivered as point-to-point or point-to-multipoint services. To facilitate both options, the Extreme CER Series supports VPLS and Virtual Leased Line (VLL) implementations using widely accepted LDP signaling. The routers also support Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)-based MPLS VPNs and provide per-customer routing instances with a choice of BGP, Open Shortest Path First (OSPF), Routing Information Protocol (RIP), or static routing options. In addition, each virtual forwarding interface supports inbound and outbound Access Control Lists (ACLs) and rate-limiting features for accounting and Service Level Agreement (SLA) enforcement. Figure 1 shows how the Extreme CER, in conjunction with the ExtremeRouting MLX® Series, provides a scalable Layer 2 and Layer 3 VPN solution.

Service Management
Delivering effective MPLS services on Carrier Ethernet infrastructure requires fast fault identification and isolation. The CER supports MPLS Labeled Switch Path (LSP) pings and traceroute features to isolate any MPLS-related connectivity issues. In addition, it supports all the capabilities of IEEE 802.1ag (Connectivity Fault Management), including Connectivity Check Messages, Loopback Message/Response, and LinkTrace Message/Response. IEEE 802.1ag, in conjunction with the MPLS OAM features, provides the capabilities to monitor, isolate, and identify connectivity problems and reduce the time to repair business VPN services. To diagnose link layer connectivity issues, the CER also supports the IEEE 802.3ah Link OAM feature. In addition, the CER is certified to comply with MEF 17 Service OAM and MEF 21 Link OAM specifications.
Delivering High Service Levels with Advanced QoS Capabilities

Service provider business services are often tiered under different service levels, ranging from premium to “best-effort” services. At each level of service, providers must meet or exceed customer agreements—and failing to do so can lead to strict financial penalties and loss of business. As a result, Quality of Service (QoS) is a critical factor in creating selective services and meeting SLAs.

The CER 2000 supports up to eight queues per port, each with a distinct priority level—enabling service providers to sell multi-tiered business VPN services. By applying advanced QoS capabilities (such as the use of two-rate, three-color traffic policers, egress shaping, and priority remarking), service providers can offer guaranteed service levels to customers. In addition, the CER supports ingress and egress bandwidth profiles per User Network Interface (UNI) that comply with the rigid traffic management specifications of MEF 10/MEF 14.

Virtualized Domains with Multi-VRF

Just as VLANs segment a Layer 2 domain into multiple broadcast domains, Multi-Virtual Routing and Forwarding (Multi-VRF) enables a single Layer 3 domain to be segmented into multiple virtual IP domains. This enables enterprise or service provider networks to support two or more VPNs with overlapping IP address spaces on the same router or physical interface—rather than deploying multiple physical routers. Each VPN can be dedicated to traffic from a specific application or from a specific group of users for greater security and manageability.

The CER 2000 supports up to 128 VRFs and can hold a full Internet routing table inside a VRF. It also has the capability to dynamically exchange routing information within each VRF using multiple routing protocols, such as BGP, OSPF, or RIP. In addition, the CER enables route exchanges between VRFs, which helps service providers or large enterprises use a single VRF as a gateway to the Internet while running confidential mission-critical traffic in other VRFs.

Figure 1: High-performance, secure ExtremeRouting solution supports Layer 2 and Layer 3 VPNs
Enforcing Security at the Edge

Edge routers are usually the first line of defense for service providers, either protecting their own cores or their business customers from Denial of Service (DoS) attacks. The CER 2000 has a comprehensive set of hardware-based security features to monitor and block unwanted traffic.

Both inbound and outbound Access Control Lists (ACLs) are supported on any kind of interface—physical, trunk groups, or virtual interfaces. In addition, the CER supports sFlow- and ACL-based mirroring to help monitor malicious traffic and take preventive actions. To increase the reliability of service delivery, the CER (with the help of Receive ACLs) can defend itself against unwanted traffic targeted toward its control plane.

Software-Defined Networking

Software-Defined Networking (SDN) is a powerful network paradigm that provides increased agility and deterministic control of network infrastructure, enabling a new class of IT applications to meet critical business needs. Such applications may include improved traffic management, network utilization and security. The CER 2000 enables SDN via OpenFlow 1.3 support and scales to support up to 32,000 flows in a single device. The CER 2000 delivers OpenFlow in hybrid switch mode, meaning the CER can be configured to simultaneously forward traffic via traditional Layer 2 switching and Layer 3 routing along with OpenFlow-based forwarding on the same device.

This highly differentiated approach enables organizations to seamlessly integrate SDN into existing networks, giving them the agility and fine-grained deterministic control offered by SDN for specific traffic flows, while the remaining traffic is handled via traditional switching and routing. OpenFlow 1.3 delivers a feature set required for commercial and enterprise networks to address complex network behavior and optimize performance for dynamic applications. These features include Quality of Service (QoS), Q-in-Q, Group Tables, Active-Standby Controller, and IPv6.

Simplified Service Management

To simplify the manageability and provisioning of Ethernet services, the CER 2000 Series leverages Network Advisor, an application that unifies network management for all products. Network Advisor provides the easy-to-use MPLS Manager, which can help configure, monitor, and manage VPLS and Virtual Leased Line (VLL) services across networks that are based on routers. In addition, the sFlow-based technology utilized by Network Advisor reduces network downtime with proactive monitoring, traffic analysis, and reporting.
Key Features

Comprehensive IPv4/IPv6 routing support based on the ExtremeRouting Neltron OS:

- High-performance, robust routing using Forwarding Information Base (FIB) programming in hardware
- RIP/RIPng, OSPF/OSPFv3, IS-IS/IS-IS for IPv6, and BGP-4/BGP-MP for IPv6
- Secure Multi-VRF routing for supporting virtual routing applications over non-MPLS backbones
- VRRP and VRRP-E
- 8-path Equal Cost Multi-Path (ECMP)
- Up to 1,500,000 IPv4 unicast routes in FIB
- Up to 256,000 IPv6 unicast routes in FIB
- Connecting IPv6 islands over IPv4 MPLS using IPv6 Provider Edge (6PE) routers
- 6VPE, enabling IPv6 multitenancy to the edge of the cloud
- BFD Holdover for OSPFv2/3 and IS-IS
- BFD for Static Routes
- BFD for OSPFv3
- ND6 IPv6 Prefix Suppress
- IS-IS Graceful Restart Helper Mode
- 127-bit IPv6 interface addresses

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

- OpenFlow 1.3: QoS (for metering and enqueue), Group Table (select and fast failover), Q-in-Q (TAG type auto-recognition), Active-Standby Controller, IPv6, Transport Layer Security (TLS) 1.2 (controller interface)
- Extreme Hybrid Switch Mode OpenFlow
- Supports up to 32,000 OpenFlow flows

Rich Multicast Support

- IPv4 multicast protocols, including PIM-D, PIM-SM, and PIM-SSM
- IPv6 multicast support, including PIM-SSM/SSM and MLD
- IGMP v2/v3 routing and snooping support
- IGMP static group support
- Multicast boundaries to facilitate admission control
- PIM and MLD snooping for IPv6
- Up to 6000 multicast groups in hardware
- Multicast traffic distribution over Link Aggregation Groups (LAGs)
- Efficient egress interface-based replication to maximize performance and conserve buffers
- Multicast for MPLS
- Multicast ECMP

Advanced MPLS Features

- Comprehensive MPLS signaling and path calculation algorithms for both traffic-engineered and non-traffic-engineered applications: OSPF-TE, IS-IS-TE, RSVP-TE, and CSPF
- MPLS Fast ReRoute (FRR) and hot standby paths for traffic protection
- Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)
- Advanced MPLS services: IP over MPLS, VLL, VPLS, Layer 3 VPN, and routing over VPLS
- BFD for RSVP-TE LSPs
- LDP Inbound and Outbound FEC Filtering
- RSVP Liberal Bypass LSP Selection
- Link Protection Request for RSVP Fast Reroute
- RSVP Hello Messages for Neighbor Failure Detection
- RSVP TE Link Metric for CSPF Computation
- Static Route over RSVP LSP

Advanced Carrier-Grade Ethernet Services

- Up to 128,000 MAC addresses
- 4000 VLANs/S-VLANs/B-VLANs
- Ability to reuse VLAN-ID on each port using the Ethernet Service Instance (ESI) framework
- MPLS Layer 2 VPN services
- IEEE 802.1ad Provider Bridges
- IEEE 802.1ah Provider Backbone Bridges
- IEEE 802.1ag Connectivity Fault Management
- ITU Y.1731 OAM functions and mechanisms for Ethernet-based networks
- Comprehensive set of Layer 2 control protocols: Extreme MRP/MRP-II, VSRP, RSTP, MSTP, and ITU G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection (ERP version 1 and 2)
- Multi-Chassis Trunking (MCT) with support for up to 256 clients (Active/Active mode or Active/Standby mode for Active/Passive access for client ports)
- E-LINE (EPL and EVPL), E-LAN, and E-TREE support
- Protocol tunneling of Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs)
- MEF 9, MEF 14, and MEF 21 certification
Support for Link Aggregation Using Either IEEE 802.3ad LACP or Static Trunks
- Up to 12 ports per LAG
- Support for single-link Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
- Deep egress buffering for transient bursts in traffic
- 64 to 192 MB of buffering, based on configuration
- Advanced QoS
- Inbound and outbound two-rate, three-color traffic policers with accounting
- Eight queues per port, each with a distinct priority level
- Multiple queue servicing disciplines: Strict Priority, Weighted Fair Queuing, and hybrid
- Advanced remarking capabilities based on port, VLAN, PCP, DSCP, or IPv4 flow
- Egress port and priority-based shaping
- QoS for management protocols (SSH and Telnet)

Comprehensive Hardware-Based Security and Policies
- Hardware-based Layer 3 and Layer 2 ACLs (both inbound and outbound) with logging
- Ability to bind multiple ACLs to the same port
- Hardware-based receive ACLs
- Hardware-based Policy-Based Routing (PBR)

Advanced monitoring capabilities
- Port- and ACL-based mirroring that enables traffic mirroring based on incoming port, VLAN-ID, or IPv4/TCP/UDP flow
- Hardware-based sFlow sampling that allows extensive Layer 2-7 traffic monitoring for IPv4 and Carrier Ethernet services
- ACL-based sFlow support
- sFlow support for MPLS LSR and LER interfaces

Interface capabilities
- Jumbo frame support up to 9216 bytes
- Optical monitoring of SFP and XFP optics for fast detection of fiber faults
- UDLD and LFS/RFN support

Intuitive, comprehensive status indication via LEDs
- Per-port UP/DOWN/ACTIVITY indicators
- FAN tray status
- Power supply status

Redundancy
- Redundant, hot-swappable AC/DC power supplies at the rear
- Removable fan tray with fan redundancy

Additional Security Capabilities
- Port-based network access control using 802.1x or MAC port security
- Root guard and BPDU guard
- Broadcast, multicast, and unknown unicast rate limits
- ARP inspection for static entries
- Multi-port static ARP and static MAC
### ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Features</th>
<th>CER 2024C-4X-RT</th>
<th>CER 2024F-4X-RT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port Density</td>
<td>24 10/100/1000 RJ45 ports with 4×10 GbE ports</td>
<td>24 100/1000 Hybrid Fiber SFP ports with 4×10 GbE ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 G Uplinks</td>
<td>Yes (built in)</td>
<td>Yes (built in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combination Ports</td>
<td>Yes (4 100/1000 SFP ports)</td>
<td>Yes (4 10/100/1000 RJ45 ports)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Forwarding Performance</td>
<td>128 Gbps</td>
<td>128 Gbps</td>
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<tr>
<td>Packet Forwarding</td>
<td>101 Mpps</td>
<td>101 Mpps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffering</td>
<td>192 MB</td>
<td>192 MB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Supply Options</td>
<td>Internal AC or DC</td>
<td>Internal AC or DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Supply Redundancy</td>
<td>1+1</td>
<td>1+1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fan Redundancy</td>
<td>M+N</td>
<td>M+N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AirFlow</td>
<td>Front to back</td>
<td>Front to back</td>
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### ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Software License Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>License</th>
<th>Content</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BASE</td>
<td>Advanced Layer 2 and 3 functions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• IPv4 routing: RIP, OSPF, IS-IS, and BGP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• IPv6 routing: RIPng, OSPFv3, IS-IS for IPv6, and BGP-MP for IPv6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Virtual routing in non-MPLS environments via Multi-VRF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• All classic Layer 2 capabilities</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• QoS and ACLs</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Management via SNMP/CLI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bundled with base hardware</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Connectivity Fault Management (IEEE 802.1ag) and Y.1731 Service OAM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ethernet Service Instance (ESI) framework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• OpenFlow scalability and operational enhancements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADV_SVCS_PREM</td>
<td>All functions in BASE plus:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Advanced Services</td>
<td>• Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premium)</td>
<td>• MPLS-based Layer 2 (VLL and VPLS) and Layer 3 (BGP VPNs) VPNs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Provider Bridges (IEEE 802.1ad) and Provider Backbone Bridges (IEEE 802.1ah)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Power Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration</th>
<th>Maximum AC Power Consumption (Watts) (100 to 240 V AC)</th>
<th>Maximum DC Power Consumption (Watts)</th>
<th>Maximum Thermal Output (BTU/hour)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extreme CER 2024C-RT</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extreme CER 2024F-RT</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>546</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extreme CER 2024F-RT with 4×10 GbE uplink</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>239</td>
<td>1076</td>
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### ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Physical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extreme CER 2024C-RT</td>
<td>17.4 in. W × 1.7 in. H × 17.6 in. D (44.3 cm × 4.4 cm × 44.8 cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extreme CER 2024F-RT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extreme CER 2024F-RT with 4×10 GbE uplink installed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Protocol Specifications

IEEE Compliance
- IEEE 802.3 10Base-T
- IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX, 100Base-FX, 100Base-LX
- IEEE 802.3z 1000Base-SX/LX
- IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T
- 802.3 CSMA/CD AccERs Method and Physical Layer Specifications
- 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
- 802.3x Flow Control
- 802.3ad Link Aggregation
- 802.1Q Virtual Bridged LANs
- 802.1D MAC Bridges
- 802.1w Rapid STP
- 802.1s Multiple Spanning Trees
- 802.1x Port-based Network Access Control
- 802.1ad Provider Bridges
- 802.1ah Provider Backbone Bridges
- 802.1ag Connectivity Fault Management (CFM)
- 802.1ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol

ITU Compliance
- Y.1731 OAM functions and mechanisms for Ethernet
- ITU-T G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection (ERP version 1 and 2)

MEF Specifications
- MEF 2 Requirements and Framework for Ethernet Service Protection
- MEF 6.1 Metro Ethernet Services Definitions Phase 2
- MEF 9 Abstract Test Suite for Ethernet ServiCER at the UNI
- MEF 10.1 Ethernet Services Attributes Phase 2
- MEF 11 User Network Interface (UNI) Requirements and Framework
- MEF 12 Metro Ethernet Network Architecture Framework Part 2: Ethernet Services Layer
- MEF 13 User Network Interface (UNI) Type 1 Implementation Agreement
- MEF 14 Abstract Test Suite for Traffic Management Phase 1
- MEF 15 Requirements for Management of Metro Ethernet Phase 1 Network Elements
- MEF 17 Service OAM Framework and Requirements (partial)
- MEF 19 Abstract Test Suite for UNI Type 1
- MEF 21 Abstract Test Suite for UNI Type 2 Part 1 Link OAM

RFC Compliance

BGPv4
- RFC 4271 BGPv4
- RFC 1745 OSPF Interactions
- RFC 1997 Communities and Attributes
- RFC 2459 Route Flap Dampening
- RFC 2796 Route Reflection
- RFC 1965 BGP4 Confederations
- RFC 2842 Capability Advertisement
- RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability
- RFC 1269 Managed Objects for BGP
- RFC 2385 BGP Session Protection via TCP-MD5
- RFC 3682 Generalized TTL Security Mechanism, for eBGP Session Protection
- RFC 4273 BGP-4 MIB RFC 4893 BGP Support for Four-octet AS Number Space
- RFC 5396 Textual Representation of Autonomous System (AS) Numbers
- RFC 4724 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP (helper mode)

OSPF
- RFC 2328 OSPF v2
- RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA
- RFC 1745 OSPF Interactions
- RFC 1765 OSPF Database Overflow
- RFC 1850 OSPF v2 MIB
- RFC 2370 OSPF Opaque LSA Option
- RFC 3630 TE Extensions to OSPF v2
- RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart (helper mode)

IS-IS
- RFC 1195 Routing in TCP/IP and Dual Environments
- RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol
- RFC 2763 Dynamic Host Name Exchange
- RFC 2966 Domain-wide Prefix Distribution
- RFC 5120 IS-IS Multi-Topology Support
- RFC 5306 Restart Signaling for IS-IS

RIP
- RFC 1058 RIP v1
- RFC 2453 RIP v2
- RFC 1812 RIP Requirements

IPv4 multicast
- RFC 2328 OSPF v2
- RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA
- RFC 1745 OSPF Interactions
- RFC 1765 OSPF Database Overflow
- RFC 1850 OSPF v2 MIB
- RFC 2370 OSPF Opaque LSA Option
- RFC 3630 TE Extensions to OSPF v2
- RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart (helper mode)

IPv6 core
- RFC 4260 IPv6 Specification
- RFC 2461 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery
- RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address—Auto-Configuration
- RFC 4443 ICMPv6
- RFC 4291 IPv6 Addressing Architecture
- RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast—Address Format
- RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments
- RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet Networks
- RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option
- RFC 3315 Dynamic Host ConfigurationProtocol (DHCP) for IPv6

IPv6 Routing
- RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6
- RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6
- draft-ietf-isis-ipv6 Routing IPv6 with IS-IS
- RFC 2545 Use of BGP-MP for IPv6
- RFC 6106 Support for IPv6 Router Advertisements with DNS Attributes
- RFC 4659 BGP-MPLS IP Virtual Private Network (VPN) Extension for IPv6
- RFC 6164 Using 127-Bit IPv6 Prefixes on Inter-Router Links

IPv6 Transitioning
- RFC 4798 Connecting IPv6 Islands over IPv4 MPLS Using IPv6 Provider Edge Routers
- RFC 4659 Transporting IPv6 Layer 3 VRFs across IPv4/MPLS backbones (6VPE)
ExtremeRouting CER 2000
Series Protocol Specifications
(continued)

MPLS
- RFC 3031 MPLS Architecture
- RFC 3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding
- RFC 3036 LDP Specification
- RFC 2205 RSVP v1 Functional Specification
- RFC 2209 RSVP v1 Message Processing Rules
- RFC 3209 RSVP-TE
- RFC 3270 MPLS Support of Differentiated Services
- RFC 3812 MPLS MIB
- RFC 4090 Fast Reroute Extensions to RSVP-TE for LSP Tunnels; partial support
- RFC 4875 Extensions to RSVP-TE for I2MP TE LSPs
- RFC 5443 LDP IGP Synchronization
- RFC 5712 MPLS Traffic Engineering Soft Preemption

Layer 2 VPN and PWE3
- RFC 4664 Framework for Layer 2 Virtual Private Networks
- RFC 4665 Service Requirements for Layer 2 Provider-Provisioned Virtual Private Networks
- RFC 4762 VPLS using LDP Signaling draft-ietf-pwe3-arch
- RFC 4447 Pseudowire Setup and Maintenance using LDP
- RFC 4448 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of Ethernet over MPLS Networks
- RFC 5542 Definitions of Textual Conventions for Pseudowire (PW) Management
- RFC 5601 Pseudowire (PW) Management Information Base

Layer 3 VPN
- RFC 2858 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4
- RFC 3107 Carrying Label Information in BGP-4
- RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP VPNs draft-ietf-bgp-ext-communities
- RFC 4576 Using LSA Options Bit to Prevent Looping in BGP/MPLS IP VPNs (DN Bit)
- RFC 4577 OSPF as the PE/CE Protocol in BGP/MPLS IP VPNs
- Draft-ietf-idr-route-filter Cooperative Route Filtering Capability for BGP-4
- RFC 4382 MPLS/BGP Layer 3 VPN MIB

General protocols
- RFC 791 IP
- RFC 792 ICMP
- RFC 793 TCP
- RFC 1350 TFTP
- RFC 826 ARP
- RFC 768 UDP
- RFC 894 IP over Ethernet
- RFC 903 RARP
- RFC 906 TFTP Bootstrap
- RFC 1027 Proxy ARPRFC 951 BootP
- RFC 1122 Host Extensions for IP Multicasting
- RFC 1256 IRDP
- RFC 1519 CIDR
- RFC 1542 BootP Extensions
- RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 Routers
- RFC 1541 and 1542 DHCP

GoS
- RFC 2475 An Architecture for Differentiated Services
- RFC 3246 An Expedited Forwarding PHB Group
- RFC 2597 Assured Forwarding PHB Group
- RFC 3270 MPLS Support of Differentiated Services
- RFC 2205 RSVP v1 Functional Specification
- RFC 2209 RSVP v1 Message Processing Rules

Other
- RFC 1354 IP Forwarding MIBRFC 2665 Ethernet Interface MIB
- RFC 1757 RMON Groups 1, 2, 3, 9
- RFC 2068 HTTP
- RFC 4330 SMTP
- RFC 2865 RADIUS
- RFC 3716 sFlow
- RFC 2863 Interfaces Group MIB
- Draft-ietf-idr-route-filter Cooperative Route Filtering Capability for BGP-4
- RFC 2784 Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)
- RFC 4741 NETCONF (Partial)
- RFC 4087 IP Tunnel MIB
- RFC 4133 Entity MIB
- RFC 5676 Definitions of Managed Objects for Mapping SYSLOG Messages to SNMP Notifications

Network Management
- Integrated industry-standard Command Line Interface (CLI)
- sFlow (RFC 3176)
- Telnet
- SNMP v1, v2c, v3
- SNMP MIB II
- RMON
- Entity MIB (Version 3)

Element Security Options
- AAA
- RADIUS
- Secure Shell (SSH v2)
- Secure Copy (SCP v2)
- HTTPs
- TACACS/TACACS+
- Username/Password (Challenge and Response)
- Bi-level Access Mode (Standard and EXEC Level)
- Protection against Denial of Service attacks, such as TCP SYN or Smurf attacks

Environmental

Temperature
- Operating: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)
- Non-operating: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)

Humidity
- Relative: 5% to 90% at 40°C (104°F), non-condensing
- Non-operating: 95% maximum relative humidity, non-condensing

Altitude
- Operating: 10,000 ft (3048 m)
- Non-operating: 15,000 ft (4500 m) maximum
ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Protocol Specifications (continued)

Safety Agency Approvals
• CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-3
• UL 60950-1
• IEC 60950-1
• EN 60950-1 Safety of Information Technology Equipment
• EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products—Part 1: Equipment Classification, Requirements and User’s Guide

Electromagnetic Emission
• ICES-003 Electromagnetic Emission
• FCC Class A
• EN 55022/CISPR-22 Class A/VCCI Class A
• AS/NZS 55022
• EN 61000-3-2 Power Line Harmonics
• EN 61000-3-3 Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker
• EN 61000-6-3 Emission Standard (Supersedes: EN 50081-1)

Immunity
• EN 61000-6-1 Generic Immunity and Susceptibility; this supersedes EN 50082-1
• EN 55024 Immunity Characteristics. This supersedes:
  • EN 61000-4-2 ESD
  • EN 61000-4-3 Radiated, radio frequency, electromagnetic field
  • EN 61000-4-4 Electrical fast transient
  • EN 61000-4-5 Surge
  • EN 61000-4-6 Conducted disturbances induced by radio-frequency fields
  • EN 61000-4-8 Power frequency magnetic field
  • EN 61000-4-11 Voltage dips and sags

Telco NEBS/ETSI
• Telcordia GR-63-CORE NEBS Requirements: Physical Protection
• Telcordia GR-1089-CORE EMC and Electrical Safety
• Telcordia SR-3580 Level 3
• ETSI ETS 300-019 Physical Protection:
  • Part 1-1, Class 1.1, Partly Temperature Controlled Storage Locations
  • Part 1-2, Class 2.3, Public Transportation
  • Part 1-3, Class 3.1, Temperature Controlled Locations (Operational)
• ETSI ETS 300-386 EMI/EMC

Power and Grounding
• ETS 300 132-1 Equipment Requirements for AC Powered Equipment Derived from DC Sources
• ETS 300 132-2 Equipment Requirements for DC Powered Equipment
• ETS 300 253 Facility Requirements

Physical Design and Mounting
Rack mount
19-inch rack mount supporting racks compliant with:
• ANSI/EIA-310-D
• ETS 300 119
• GR-63-CORE Seismic Zone 4

Environmental Regulatory Compliance
• EU 2002/95/EC RoHS
• EU 2002/96/EC WEEE
### ExtremeRouting CER 2000 Series Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR-CER-2024C-4X-RT-AC</td>
<td>24×1 GbE copper (RJ45) with four combination RJ45/SFP ports, 4×10 GbE, one 500 W AC power supply, and base software license with enhanced routing scalability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-CER-2024C-4X-RT-DC</td>
<td>24×1 GbE copper with four combination RJ45/SFP ports, 4×10 GbE, one 500 W DC power supply, and base software license with enhanced routing scalability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-CER-2024F-4X-RT-AC</td>
<td>24×1 GbE Hybrid Fiber SFP with four combination 10/100/1000 RJ45 ports, 4×10 GbE, one 500 W AC power supply, and base software license</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-CER-2024F-4X-RT-DC</td>
<td>24×1 GbE Hybrid Fiber SFP with four combination 10/100/1000 RJ45 ports, 4×10 GbE, one 500 W DC power supply, and base software license</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NI-CER-2048-ADVU-SW</td>
<td>Advanced Services Premium software upgrade for Extreme CER 2000 48-port routers (Extreme CER 2048C, Extreme CER 2048F, Extreme CER 2048CX, Extreme CER 2048FX)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>