With mobile connectivity, cloud services, and 4K HD video streaming for billions of devices the norm, and the Internet-of-Things (IoT) and augmented reality and virtual reality on the horizon, organizations must modernize the way they communicate and conduct business. In addition to consuming an enormous amount of network capacity, these services increase operational complexity just as organizations are striving to meet customer demands for greater business agility and performance.

To succeed in the digital era, organizations need network platforms that allow them to simplify and speed up operations, without increasing costs. Such platforms incorporate innovative software to analyze and automate network operations, thereby reducing OpEx, and provide flexible deployment options with forwarding performance and scale to dramatically reduce CapEx.

Extensible Routing Platform

The ExtremeRouting SLX 9850 is designed to cost-effectively deliver the density, scale, and performance needed to address the explosive growth in network bandwidth, devices, and services—today and well into the future. This flexible platform, powered by Extreme SLX-OS, provides carrier-class advanced features that leverage proven Extreme routing technology currently deployed in the most demanding data center, service provider, and enterprise networks. And it is all delivered through best-in-class forwarding hardware. The extensible architecture is designed for investment protection, to readily support future requirements for greater bandwidth,
scale, and forwarding capabilities. In addition, the SLX 9850 helps address the increasing agility and analytics needs of digital organizations with innovative network automation and visibility enabled through Extreme Workflow Composer™ and the Extreme SLX Insight Architecture.

**High Availability with 230 Tbps-scale Forwarding**

The SLX 9850 is the industry's most powerful IPv4, IPv6, MPLS/Multi-VRF and BGP-EVPN data center router, providing a cost-efficient solution that is purpose-built for the most demanding service provider and enterprise data center applications. The robust system architecture, versatile feature set, and high level of flexibility enable it to scale from the data center spine to the data center core.

Designed with state-of-the-art network processing technology, the SLX 9850 has a non-blocking switching capacity of up to 230 Tbps. An advanced distributed hardware architecture with fine-grained QoS support enables full-duplex, high-speed performance for any mix of IPv4, IPv6, MPLS and BGP-EVPN VXLAN Overlay services. This innovative system architecture offers several distinguishing characteristics:

- **Clos-based distributed non-blocking architecture:** Provides the foundation for a robust, scalable data center platform.
- **Midplane-free design:** Allows interface modules to communicate directly with switch fabric modules, enabling the chassis to have an efficient front-to-back airflow design and no signal integrity degradation.
- **High-availability implementation:** Provides a clear separation between the control plane and data plane at 10 Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) speed to enable operational performance at high loads.
- **Distributed network processing, ultra-deep packet buffers, and advanced QoS capabilities across the system:** Streamlines execution of a rich feature set at high data rates, even for bursty or long-lived traffic flows.
- **Complete redundancy:** Features a fully redundant architecture with redundant power supply modules, management modules, fan modules, and switch fabric modules to minimize single points of failure.

The SLX 9850 is available in two different models: the SLX 9850-4, a four interface-slot system, and the SLX 9850-8, an eight interface-slot system. Management modules, interface modules, and power supply modules are interchangeable across both the four- and eight-slot models, thereby decreasing inventory and maintenance costs. All modules are hot-pluggable, minimizing system disruption when adding or replacing a module.

**Future-Ready Platform**

Maximize investment protection with cost-efficient density, scale, and performance to handle the exponential growth in network bandwidth, devices, and services.

**SLX 9850 Extensible Architecture**

The SLX 9850 architecture is designed to support connectivity needs today and well into the future as bandwidth and application workload requirements grow. Its interface modules optimize port density and capabilities, leveraging the latest Intel x86 CPU and merchant silicon packet processor technology for optimal space, power, and cooling in a highly reliable, carrier-class routing platform. The SLX 9850 delivers:

- Industry-leading 10/40/100 GbE port density/price per blade
- Interface modules with a 1.5U design for the highest density, routes, statistics, and policy scale
- Industry-leading deep buffers optimized for bursty traffic patterns
- Extreme OptiScale™ optimizes the programmable hardware and software capabilities of the adaptive SLX 9850 to accelerate innovation and deliver investment protection
- Innovative midplane-free design, providing efficient airflow and internal signal integrity for optimal cooling and system performance
- Chassis capacity up to 230 Tbps to support massive traffic scale

**Modular, Virtualized Operating System**

The SLX 9850 runs SLX-OS, a fully virtualized Linux-based operating system that delivers process-level resiliency and fault isolation. SLX-OS supports advanced routing and MPLS features, and is highly programmable with support for REST and NETCONF, enabling full network lifecycle automation with Workflow Composer. In addition, SLX-OS is based on Ubuntu Linux, which provides all the advantages of open source and access to commonly used Linux tools.

SLX-OS runs in a virtualized environment over a KVM hypervisor, with the operating system compartmentalized and abstracted from the underlying hardware. The core operating system functions for the SLX 9850 are hosted in the system VM, which runs on both management modules in a redundant operation. The SLX 9850 interface module software is also virtualized, running in a KVM hypervisor on the local processor of the interface module.
This approach provides clean failure domain isolation for the router operating system while leveraging the x86 ecosystem, thereby removing single vendor lock-in for system tools development and delivery. Additionally, it supports a guest VM, which is an open KVM environment for running third-party and customized monitoring, troubleshooting, and analytics applications.

![Diagram](image_url)

**Figure 1:** The SLX Insight Architecture, inherent in Extreme SLX switches and routers, delivers pervasive visibility in every device for greater insight into network traffic.

**Embedded Network Visibility At-A-Glance**

*Keep network traffic and operations running smoothly with pervasive, real-time network analytics, monitoring, and troubleshooting.*

**Extreme Networks SLX Insight Architecture**

The SLX Insight Architecture delivers dynamic flow identification, intelligent pre-processing, and flexible data streaming capabilities on each router. It can support the following key network operations use cases without disrupting network traffic:

- **Real-time monitoring**
- **Overlay and underlay visibility**
- **Intelligent automation**

**Embedded Network Visibility**

The SLX 9850 includes the SLX Insight Architecture delivered through SLX-OS and SLX 9850 hardware innovation. This new approach to network monitoring and troubleshooting provides a highly differentiated solution that makes it faster, easier, and more cost-effective to get the comprehensive, real-time visibility needed for network operations and automation. By embedding network visibility on every switch or router, the SLX Insight Architecture can help organizations achieve pervasive visibility throughout the network to quickly and efficiently identify problems, accelerate mean-time-to-resolution, and improve overall service levels.

The highly flexible SLX Insight Architecture enables required data to be extracted from the network and optimized locally on-device for cost-effective delivery off-device to cloud-scale management, operational intelligence, and automation systems for additional analysis, action, or archiving.

As seen in Figure 1, the key components of the SLX Insight Architecture include:

- **Flexible packet filtering:** The SLX Insight Architecture begins with flexible packet filtering in the packet processors for each interface. Organizations have access to a rich set of filters for capturing the desired traffic type for visibility processing.

- **Guest VM:** The SLX Insight Architecture provides an open KVM environment that runs third-party applications and customized monitoring, troubleshooting, and analytics tools. Enabled by SLX-OS, this preconfigured guest VM is on each SLX 9850 management module. It hosts third-party network operations and analytics applications on every device, extending visibility to the entire network.

- **Dedicated analytics path:** The SLX Insight Architecture provides an innovative internal analytics path (up to 10 GbE) between the packet processor for the SLX 9850 interface module and the architecture’s open KVM environment running on the SLX 9850 management module. This enables applications running in the open KVM environment to extract data without disrupting the forwarding or control plane traffic of the SLX 9850.

- **Flexible streaming:** The SLX Insight Architecture provides flexible streaming options, enabling captured data to be delivered to analytics applications off the platform. This includes a dedicated 10 GbE services port on each management module for out-of-band streaming, as well as streaming via any interface module port.

- **Dedicated analytics storage:** The SLX 9850 provides 256 GB of on-device storage dedicated to the SLX Insight Architecture for applications running in the open KVM environment. This enables real-time data capture for easy and fast access.
Business Agility with Workflow Automation

With DevOps-style automation, the SLX 9850 and Workflow Composer network automation platform help organizations improve business agility and accelerate innovation by automating the entire network lifecycle — from provisioning, validation, troubleshooting, and remediation of network services. At the same time, these solutions align workflow automation to IT operations and modern DevOps tool chains.

By automating and orchestrating across domains within the services delivery chain, Extreme Workflow Composer connects functional domains—such as the network, compute, storage, and applications—to minimize the number of transitions between functions. This streamlines the delivery of services and infrastructure changes so that they are fast, reliable, and repeatable (see Figure 2). In addition, turnkey automation suites enable organizations to easily deploy Extreme Workflow Composer with SLX switches and routers using a modular, customizable approach, helping to jumpstart the automation journey.

Devops-Style Automation

Improve business agility and accelerate innovation with cross-domain network automation.

SLX 9850 and Workflow Composer

The SLX 9850 combined with Workflow Composer enables automation of the entire network lifecycle with event-driven automation, including:

- Automation for provisioning, validation, troubleshooting, and remediation of network services
- End-to-end IT workflow automation through cross-domain integration
- Customizable or do-it-yourself workflow automation options in multivendor network environments
- DevOps methodologies, open source technologies, and a thriving technical community
- Industry-standard REST/NETCONF-based APIs with Yang models, OpenFlow, scripting languages, and streaming APIs
- Turnkey automation with Workflow Composer Automation Suites for network essentials, IP fabric and IXP workflows, and SLX switches and routers

Extreme Management Center for Insights, Visibility and Control

The SLX family of switches and routers, including SLX 9850 can be managed by Extreme Management Center (XMC). XMC includes a suite of applications, empowering administrators to deliver a superior quality experience to end users through a single pane of glass and a common set of tools to provision, manage and troubleshoot the network. It works across wired and wireless networks, from the edge to the data center and private cloud.

XMC provides a consolidated view of users, devices and applications for wired and wireless networks – from data center to edge. Zero touch provisioning lets one quickly bring new infrastructure online. A granular view of users, devices and applications with an easy to understand dashboard enables efficient inventory and network topology management.

XMC also provides ecosystem integration, includes off the box integrations with major enterprise data center virtual environments such as VMWare, OpenStack and Nutanix to provide VM visibility and enforce security settings. Get more information on Extreme Management Center.

Extreme Global Services

Extreme Global Services has the expertise to help organizations build scalable, efficient cloud infrastructures. Leveraging 20 years of expertise in storage, networking, and virtualization, Extreme Global Services delivers world-class professional services, technical support, and education services, enabling organizations to maximize their Extreme investments, accelerate new technology deployments, and optimize the performance of networking infrastructures.
Acquisition Options That Match Balance Sheet Objectives

Successful network deployments drive business forward, providing technical and financial agility. Extreme offers the broadest financing models, from traditional leasing to Extreme Network Subscription. Network-as-a-Service allows operators to subscribe to network assets today then upgrade on demand, scale up or down, or return them with 60-day notification. Extreme Network Subscription plans can be structured to meet IASC guidelines for OpEx or CapEx treatment to align with financial goals. Learn more at www.nonetworkcapex.com.

Maximizing Investments

To help optimize technology investments, Extreme and its partners offer complete solutions that include professional services, technical support, and education. For more information, contact a Extreme Networks sales partner or visit www.extremenetworks.com.

SLX 9850 Router Features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>SLX 9850-4</th>
<th>SLX 9850-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Front view</td>
<td>[Image]</td>
<td>[Image]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear view with fan modules</td>
<td>[Image]</td>
<td>[Image]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SLX 9850 Router Features (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>SLX 9850-4</th>
<th>SLX 9850-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rear view with fan modules removed and showing switch fabric modules</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Rear view" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Rear view" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface module slots</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management module slots</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply module slots</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fan module slots</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch fabric module slots</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum 100 GbE ports</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum 40 GbE ports</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum 10 GbE ports</td>
<td>960</td>
<td>1,920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum 1 GbE ports</td>
<td>288</td>
<td>576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch fabric capacity (up to)</td>
<td>115 Tbps</td>
<td>230 Tbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management module redundancy</td>
<td>1:1</td>
<td>1:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch fabric module redundancy</td>
<td>N+1</td>
<td>N+1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airflow</td>
<td>Front to back</td>
<td>Front to back</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical AC power consumption (W)</td>
<td>4,177²</td>
<td>8,099²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum AC power consumption (W)</td>
<td>5,947</td>
<td>11,492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum thermal output (BTU/HR)</td>
<td>19,465</td>
<td>37,980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height (inches/centimeters/rack units)</td>
<td>17.50 in./44.45 cm/10 RU</td>
<td>29.75 in./75.57 cm/17 RU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width (inches/centimeters)</td>
<td>17.22 in./43.74 cm</td>
<td>17.22 in./43.74 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depth chassis only without ejector or fan handles (inches/centimeters)</td>
<td>30.0 in./76.20 cm</td>
<td>30.0 in./76.2 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight chassis only (pounds/kilograms)</td>
<td>107 lb/49 kg</td>
<td>179 lb/82 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight chassis with all modules (pounds/kilograms)</td>
<td>303 lb/138 kg</td>
<td>541 lb/246 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

² Typical power calculation for a four-slot system is based on the interface module enabled, optics on all ports, 50 percent line-rate traffic, and 25 °C ambient temperature for a system with two management-modules, four flex-speed (D) interface modules, six switch fabric modules, and three fan modules.
SLX 9850 Interface Module Specifications

The SLX 9850 supports the following interface modules. For more information on these modules, please see the SLX 9850 Interface Modules data sheet.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Dual-Speed (D) 72-port 10 GbE</th>
<th>Flex-Speed (D) 36-port 100 GbE</th>
<th>Dual-Speed (M) 72-port 10 GbE</th>
<th>Flex-Speed (M) 36-port 100 GbE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Front view of module</td>
<td>![Image 146x618 to 247x636]</td>
<td>![Image 253x618 to 354x636]</td>
<td>![Image 364x618 to 461x636]</td>
<td>![Image 472x618 to 573x636]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear view of module</td>
<td>![Image 146x578 to 247x599]</td>
<td>![Image 253x577 to 354x599]</td>
<td>![Image 362x578 to 463x599]</td>
<td>![Image 471x577 to 572x599]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 GbE ports per module</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 GbE ports per module</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 GbE ports per module</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 GbE ports per module</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port type</td>
<td>10 GbE, 1 GbE</td>
<td>100 GbE QSFP-28, 40 GbE, 10 GbE breakout</td>
<td>10 GbE, 1 GbE</td>
<td>100 GbE QSFP-28, 40 GbE, 10 GbE breakout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packet buffers per module</td>
<td>8 GB</td>
<td>24 GB</td>
<td>12 GB</td>
<td>36 GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Route scale</td>
<td>256,000 (IPv4)</td>
<td>256,000 (IPv4)</td>
<td>OptiScale 1,500,000 (IPv4), 140,000 (IPv6)</td>
<td>OptiScale 1,500,000 (IPv4), 140,000 (IPv6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OptiScale™ Internet Routing</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical AC power consumption (W)</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>617</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum AC power consumption (W)</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>856</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>856</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

^3Carrier Ethernet 2.0 in dual-speed (M) and flex-speed (M) modules is not supported in the current release of Extreme Networks SLX-OS.

Specifications

IEEE Compliance

- Ethernet
  - 802.3-2005 CSMA/CD Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications
  - 802.3ab 1000BASE-T
  - 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
  - 802.3u 100BASE-TX, 100BASE-T4, 100BASE-FX Fast Ethernet at 100 Mbps with Auto-Negotiation
  - 802.3x Flow Control
  - 802.3z 1000BASE-X Gigabit Ethernet over fiber optic at 1 Gbps
  - 802.3ad Link Aggregation
  - 802.1Q Virtual Bridged LANs
  - 802.1D MAC Bridges
  - 802.1w Rapid STP
  - 802.1s Multiple Spanning Trees
  - 802.1ag Connectivity Fault Management (CFM)
  - 802.3ba 100 Gigabit Ethernet
  - 802.1ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol
  - 802.1x Port-Based Network Access Control
  - 802.3ah Ethernet in the First Mile Link OAM4
  - ITU-T G.8013/Y.1731 OAM mechanisms for Ethernet4
  - 802.1ak for MVRP

RFC Compliance

- General Protocols
  - RFC 768 UDP
  - RFC 791 IP
  - RFC 792 ICMP
  - RFC 793 TCP
  - RFC 826 ARP
  - RFC 854 TELNET
  - RFC 894 IP over Ethernet
  - RFC 903 RARP
  - RFC 906 TFTP Bootstrap
  - RFC 950 Subnet
  - RFC 951 BootP
  - RFC 1027 Proxy ARP
  - RFC 1042 Standard for The Transmission of IP
  - RFC 1166 Internet Numbers
  - RFC 1122 Host Extensions for IP Multicasting
  - RFC 1191 Path MTU Discovery
  - RFC 1340 Assigned Numbers
  - RFC 1542 BootP Extensions
  - RFC 1591 DNS (client)
  - RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 Routers
  - RFC 1858 Security Considerations for IP Fragment Filtering
  - RFC 2131 BootP/DHCP Helper
  - RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information Version 2

4 Supported with Extreme Networks SLX-OS 17r1.00 and later software.
5 Supported with Extreme Networks SLX-OS 17r1.01 and later software.
### General Protocols (cont.)

- RFC 2784 Generic Routing Encapsulation
- RFC 3021 Using 31-Bit Prefixes on IPv4 Point-to-Point Links
- RFC 3768 VRRP
- RFC 4001 Textual Conventions for Internet Network Addresses
- RFC 4632 Classless Interdomain Routing (CIDR)
- RFC 4950 ICMP Extensions for MPLS
- RFC 5880 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection
- RFC 5881 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection for IPv4 and IPv6 (Single Hop)
- RFC 5882 Generic Application of Bidirectional Forwarding Detection
- RFC 5884 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection for Multihop Paths

### BGP4

- RFC 1745 OSPF Interactions
- RFC 1772 Application of BGP in the Internet
- RFC 1997 Communities and Attributes
- RFC 2385 BGP Version 2
- RFC 2388 BGP Session Protection via TCP MD5
- RFC 2439 Route Flap Dampening
- RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability
- RFC 3392 Capability Advertisement
- RFC 3682 Generalized T/L Security Mechanism for eBGP Session Protection
- RFC 4271 BGPv4
- RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks
- RFC 4456 Route Reflection
- RFC 4486 Sub Codes for BGP Graceful Restart
- RFC 4724 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP
- RFC 4893 BGP Support for Four-octet AS Number Space
- RFC 5065 BGP4 Confederations
- RFC 5291 Outbound Route Filtering Capability for BGP
- RFC 5396 Textual Representation of Autonomous System (AS) Numbers
- RFC 5668 4-Octet AS specific BGP Extended Community

### OSPF

- RFC 1745 OSPF Interactions
- RFC 1765 OSPF Database Overview
- RFC 2154 OSPF with Digital Signature (Password, MD-5)
- RFC 2328 OSPF v2
- RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA
- RFC 3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertise
- RFC 3630 TE Extensions to OSPF v2
- RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart
- RFC 4222 Prioritized Treatment of Specific OSPF
  - Version 2
- RFC 5250 OSPF Opaque LSA Option

### IS-IS

- RFC 1195 Routing in TCP/IP and Dual Environments
- RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol
- RFC 3277 IS-IS Blackhole Avoidance
- RFC 5120 IS-IS Multi-Topology Support
- RFC 5301 Dynamic Host Name Exchange
- RFC 5302 Domain-wide Prefix Distribution
- RFC 5303 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS Point-to-Point
- RFC 5304 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication (MD-5)
- RFC 5306 Restart Signaling for IS-IS (helper mode)
- RFC 5309 Point-to-point operation over LAN in link state routing protocols

### IPv4 Multicast

- RFC 1112 IGMP v1
- RFC 2236 IGMP v2
- RFC 4601 PIM-SM
- RFC 4607 PIM-SSM
- RFC 4610 Anycast RP using PIM
- RFC 5059 BSR for PIM

### QoS

- RFC 2474 DiffServ Definition
- RFC 2475 An Architecture for Differentiated Services
- RFC 2597 Assured Forwarding PHB Group
- RFC 2697 Single Rate Three-Color Marker
- RFC 2698 A Two-Rate Three-Color Marker
- RFC 3246 An Expedited Forwarding PHB

### IPv6 Core

- RFC 1887 IPv6 unicast address allocation architecture
- RFC 1981 IPv6 Path MTU Discovery
- RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments
- RFC 2450 Proposed TLA and NLA Assignment Rules
- RFC 2460 IPv6 Specification
- RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address — Auto-Configuration
- RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet Networks
- RFC 2471 IPv6 Testing Address allocation
- RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option
- RFC 3315 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)
- RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast — Address Format
- RFC 4193 Unique Local IPv6 Unicast Addresses
- RFC 4291 IPv6 Addressing Architecture
- RFC 4301 IP Security Architecture
- RFC 4303 Encapsulation Security Payload
- RFC 4305 ESP and AH Cryptography
- RFC 4443 ICMPv6
- RFC 4448 Encapsulation methods for transport of Ethernet over MPLS networks
- RFC 4452 Auth for OSPFv3 using AH/ESP
- RFC 4835 Cryptographic Alg. Req. for ESP
- RFC 4861 Neighbor Discovery for IP version 6 (IPv6)

### IPv6 Routing

- RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6
- RFC 2545 Use of BGP-MP for IPv6
- RFC 5308 Routing IPv6 with IS-LS
- RFC 6164 Using 127-Bit IPv6 Prefixes on Inter-Router Links
- RFC 8106 Support for IPv6 Router Advertisements with DNS Attributes

### MPLS

- RFC 2205 RSVP v1 Functional Specification
- RFC 2209 RSVP v1 Message Processing Rules
- RFC 2702 TE over MPLS
- RFC 2961 RSVP Refresh Overhead Reduction Extensions
- RFC 3031 MPLS Architecture
- RFC 3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding
- RFC 3037 LDP Applicability
- RFC 3097 RSVP Cryptographic Authentication
- RFC 3209 RSVP-TE
- RFC 3270 MPLS Support of Differentiated Services
- RFC 3478 LDP Graceful Restart
- RFC 3815 Definition of Managed Objects for the MPLS, LDP
- RFC 4090 Fast Reroute Extensions to RSVP-TE for LSP Tunnels
- RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks
- RFC 4379 OAM
- RFC 4448 Encapsulation methods for transport of Ethernet over MPLS networks
- RFC 5036 LDP Specification
- RFC 5305 IS-IS-TE
- RFC 5443 LDP IG P Synchronization
- RFC 5561 LDP Capabilities
- RFC 5712 MPLS Traffic Engineering Soft Preemption
- RFC 5918 LDP “Typical Wildcard” FEC
- RFC 5919 Signaling LDP Label Advertisement Completion
• Layer 2 VPN and PWE3
  • RFC 3343 TL Processing in MPLS networks
  • RFC 3985 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture
  • RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks
  • RFC 4447 Pseudowire Setup and Maintenance using LDP
  • RFC 4448 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of Ethernet over MPLS Networks
  • RFC 4664 Framework for Layer 2 Virtual Private Networks
  • RFC 4665 Service Requirements for Layer 2 Provider-Provisioned Virtual Private Networks
  • RFC 4782 Pseudowire (PW) Management
  • RFC 4762 VPLS using LDP Signaling
  • RFC 5542 Definitions of Textual Conventions for Pseudowire (PW) Management

Management and Visibility
• Integrated industry-standard Command Line Interface (CLI)
• RFC 854 Telnet
• RFC 2068 HTTP
• RFC 2818 HTTPS
• RFC 3176 sFlow v5
• sFlow extension to VXLAN
• RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSH)
• Secure Copy (SCP v2)
• SFTP
• RFC 4741 NETCONF (Partial)
• OpenFlow 1.3
• Chrome
• Curl
• Tcpdump
• Wireshark
• SNMP v1, v2c, v3
• RFC 2819 RMON Groups 1, 2, 3, 9
• IEEE8021-PAE-MIB
• IEEE802 LLDP MIB
• IEEE8023-LAG-MIB
• RFC 1213 MIB-II
• RFC 2665 Ethernet Interface MIB
• RFC 2863 Interfaces Group MIB
• RFC 3635 Ethernet-like MIB
• RFC 3811 MPLS TC STD MIB
• RFC 3812 MPLS TE STD MIB
• RFC 3813 MPLS LSR MIB
• RFC 3826 SNMP-USM-AES MIB
• RFC 4133 Entity MIB (version 3)
• RFC 4188 Bridge MIB
• RFC 4273 BGP-4 MIB
• RFC 4292 IP Forwarding MIB
• RFC 4293 IP MIB
• RFC 4363 Dot1q MIB
• RFC 4444 ISIS MIB
• RFC 4750 OSPF v2 MIB
• RFC 7257 VPLS MIB
• RFC 7331 BFD MIB

Element Security
• AAA
• Username/Password (Challenge and Response)
• Bi-level Access Mode (Standard and EXEC Level)
• Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)
• RFC 2865 RADIUS
• RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting
• TACACS/TACACS+
• RFC 5905 NTP Version 4
• NTP 4.2.8p10
• RFC 5961 TCP Security
• RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSH)
• Secure Copy (SCP v2)
• SFTP
• HTTPS
• RFC 4346 TLS 1.1
• RFC 5246 TLS 1.2
• Protection against Denial of Service (DoS) attacks such as TCP SYN or Smurf Attacks

Environment
• Operating temperature: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)
• Storage temperature: -25°C to 55°C (-13°F to 131°F)
• Relative humidity: 5% to 90%, at 40°C (104°F), non-condensing
• Storage humidity: 95% maximum relative humidity, non-condensing
• Operating altitude: 6,600 ft (2,012 m)
• Storage altitude: 15,000 ft (4,500 m) maximum

Safety Agency Approvals
• CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07
• ANSI/UL 60950-1
• IEC 60950-1
• EN 60950-1 Safety of Information Technology Equipment
• EN 60825-1
• EN 60825-2

Power and Grounding
• ETS 300 132-1 Equipment Requirements for AC Power Equipment Derived from DC Sources
• ETS 300 132-2 Equipment Requirements for DC Powered Equipment
• ETS 300 253 Facility Requirements

Physical Design and Mounting
• 19-inch rack mount supporting racks compliant with:
  - ANSI/EIA -310-D
  - GR-63-CORE Seismic Zone 4

Environmental Regulatory Compliance
• EU 2011/65/EU RoHS
• EU 2012/19/EU WEEE
• EC/1907/2006 REACH

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4 Supported with Extreme Networks SLX-OS 17r.1.00 and later software.
5 Supported with Extreme Networks SLX-OS 17r.1.01 and later software.
### SLX 9850 Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-4-BND-AC</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 four-slot chassis with one management module, five switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>fabric modules, two 3,000 W AC power supplies, three fan modules, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>accessory kit. Power cord not included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-4-BND-DC</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 four-slot chassis with five switch fabric modules, two</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,000 W DC power supplies, three fan modules, and accessory kit. Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cord not included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-8-BND-AC</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 eight-slot chassis with one management module, five switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>fabric modules, four 3,000 W AC power supplies, three fan modules, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>accessory kit. Power cord not included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-8-BND-DC</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 eight-slot chassis with five switch fabric modules, four</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,000 W DC power supplies, three fan modules, and accessory kit. Power cord</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>not included.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Extreme SLX 9850 Interface Modules

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-10GX725-D</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 72-port 10 GbE/1 GbE dual-speed (D) interface module with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IPv4/IPv6 hardware support. Requires SFP+ optics for 10 GbE connectivity,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>and SFP optics for 1 GbE connectivity. Supports 750,000 MAC, 256,000 IPv4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>routes, and 64,000 IPv6 routes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-10GX36CQ-D</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 36-port 100 GbE, 60-port 40 GbE, or 240-port 10 GbE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>flex-speed (D) interface module with IPv4/IPv6 hardware support. Requires</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SFP+ optics for 10 GbE connectivity and SFP optics for 1 GbE connectivity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports up to 750,000 MAC, 256,000 IPv4 routes, and 64,000 IPv6 routes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-10GX725-M</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 72-port 10 GbE/1 GbE dual-speed (M) interface module with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IPv4/IPv6/MPLS hardware support. Supports SFP+ optics for 10 GbE connectivity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>and SFP optics for 1 GbE connectivity. Supports up to 150,000 IPv4 routes,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>140,000 IPv6 routes with OptiScale™ Internet Routing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-10GX36CQ-M</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 36-port 100 GbE, 60-port 40 GbE, or 240-port 10 GbE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>flex-speed (M) interface module with IPv4/IPv6/MPLS hardware support. Requires</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SFP+ optics for 10 GbE connectivity and SFP optics for 1 GbE connectivity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports up to 750,000 MAC. Supports up to 1,500,000 IPv4 routes, 140,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IPv6 routes with OptiScale™ Internet Routing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-10GX12CQ-M</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 12-port 100 GbE, 20-port 40GbE, or 80-port 10GbE flex-speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(M) interface module with IPv4/IPv6/MPLS hardware support. Requires QSFP28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>optics &amp; 40GbE to 10GbE breakout (for 10 GbE) connectivity. Supports up to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>750,000 MAC. Supports up to 1,500,000 IPv4 routes, 140,000 IPv6 routes with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OptiScale™ Internet Routing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Extreme SLX 9850 Upgrade Software Licenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-100GX6CQ-MUPG</td>
<td>6x100 GbE Ports on Demand (POD) software license to be used only with the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 12-port 100 GbE, 20-port 40GbE, or 80-port 10GbE flex-speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(M) interface module (SLX9850-100Gx12CQ-M)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Extreme SLX 9850 Field-Replaceable Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-4-S</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 spare four-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-8-S</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 spare eight-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-MM</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 management module for four-slot and eight-slot systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Includes 16 GB RAM, two internal Solid State Drives, four-core Intel CPU,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>two USB 3.0 ports, two RJ-45 console ports, and 10 GbE services port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-4-SFM</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module for four-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BR-SLX9850-8-SFM</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module for eight-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-ACPWR-3000</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 AC 3,000 W power supply for four- and eight-slot chassis,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>90 V to 270 V AC input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-DCPWR-3000</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 DC 3,000 W power supply for four- and eight-slot chassis,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>48 V DC input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-4-FANM</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 fan module for four-slot chassis. Fan module has two fans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-8-FANM</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 fan module for eight-slot chassis. Fan module has four fans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-4-CAB</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 Cable Management Kit for four-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-8-CAB</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 Cable Management Kit for eight-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-4-SFMPNL</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module blank panel for four-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-8-SFMPNL</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module blank panel for eight-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-PWRPNL</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 power supply blank panel for four-slot and eight-slot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-IMPNL</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 interface module blank panel for four-slot and eight-slot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-MMPNL</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 management module blank panel for four-slot and eight-slot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-4-PRMKIT</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 four-post rack mounting kit for four-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Includes 27 to 31-inch flush and recessed mounting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-4-2PRMKIT</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 two-post rack mounting kit for four-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Include telco flush and midplane mounting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XBR-SLX9850-8-4PRMKIT</td>
<td>Extreme SLX 9850 four-post rack mounting kit for eight-slot chassis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Includes flush and recessed mounting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>